

Partly cloudy tonight and tomorrow.

The Washington Times

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NUMBER 3930.

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 15, 1905.

PRICE ONE CENT.

TREATIES NOW GO OVER UNTIL NEXT SENATE SESSION

This Course Determined at White House Conference.

IDEA OF THE PRESIDENT

Better Postponement Than Defeat of the Dooming Agreement.

As the result of a conference at the White House this morning, in which a number of leading Republican Senators took part, a decision has been reached, it is understood, to allow the Santo Domingo treaties to go over until next autumn. They may be considered at the extra session, if one is called, or they may be kept pending until the regular session next winter.

The President's idea is believed to be that it is better to postpone matters than to allow the treaties to be defeated at present, as would be the case if a vote were taken. The President's object is to do something for Santo Domingo, and he believes it is better to let the affairs of the bankrupt republic go along as best they can until next winter, when a strong effort will be made to have the Senate ratify some kind of a treaty.

Among the Senators who saw the President this morning were Spooner, Cullom, Brewster, Foraker, Platt of Connecticut, Gallinger, Allison, and Burrows.

Outlook Very Discouraging.

Several prominent Republican Senators declared they did not know what was going to become of the treaties. They emphatically denied, however, that the President had given up hope.

At the same time, it was admitted by those who were disposed to be candid, that the outlook was extremely discouraging, and that a postponement of the vote until next autumn would not be a great surprise.

The plan of having a Senatorial commission go to Santo Domingo to investigate conditions there is still under discussion, but no intimation that the President has fallen in line with this idea could be obtained.

Republican Senators Disgusted.

Those Republican Senators who are with the Administration on the Santo Domingo matter are heartily disgusted at the absence of a number of prominent Republicans whose votes in the Senate are sorely needed just now. Even Senator Lodge, who is looked upon as the Administration's representative on the floor of the Senate, is in New York. His absence is only temporary, however.

Senator Aldrich is in Europe. Senator Platt of New York is in North Carolina, and Senator Knox is in Florida.

Counting new Senators who have not qualified and Senators Mitchell and Burton, the Republicans are nine votes short, and there seems to be no prospect on the part of the Democrats to help matters along.

In this connection, the obduracy of the Delaware Legislature in refusing to elect Senators is strongly emphasized, and when they criticize the absentees the Senators who are working for the ratification of the Santo Domingo treaties drop a few desultory remarks about the Delaware situation that are far from complimentary.

The Senate will probably adjourn tomorrow.

NAN PATTERSON'S TRIAL SET DOWN FOR APRIL 10

NEW YORK, March 15.—Assistant District Attorney Rand announced today that the trial of Nan Patterson, the "Flordora" girl, who is charged with the murder of her lover, Caesar Young, a bookmaker, in June last, will be moved on April 10.

This change was made after consultation between Mr. Rand and Mr. Levy, senior counsel for Miss Patterson.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

The pressure distribution of high area to the northwest and disturbance over the Southwest and extreme West have caused a continuance of the unsettled conditions over the central valleys and the entire West, where there were local rains and snows. In the East and South the weather has been fair. Temperatures have risen generally, except in the lower lake region and the Atlantic States, where they are still five degrees to twenty-five degrees below the seasonal average.

The weather will be partly cloudy to night and Thursday in the lower lake region and the middle Atlantic States with somewhat higher temperature. In the south Atlantic and east Gulf States there will be increasing cloudiness, with showers in the latter district, and also in eastern Florida.

TEMPERATURE.	
9 a. m.	32
12 noon	37
1 p. m.	41

DOWNTOWN TEMPERATURE.	
(Registered Alcock's Standard Thermometer.)	
9 a. m.	28
12 noon	35
1 p. m.	43

THE SUN.	
Sun sets today	6:05
Sun rises tomorrow	6:11

TIDE TABLE.	
High tide today	2:40 p. m.
Low tide today	5:14 p. m.
High tide tomorrow	3:59 a. m.
Low tide tomorrow	6:57 a. m.; 10:34 p. m.

NEGRO CHILDREN THEME OF ADDRESS TO THE MOTHERS

Mrs. Murray Presents Picture of Racial Progress.

WAS INTERNATIONAL DAY

Reports of Delegates and Presidents of Clubs.

The morning session of International day in the National Congress of Mothers was taken up with the reports of delegates and presidents of clubs and the address to the congress by Mrs. Anna E. Murray, a negro, of Washington, on "Negro Children of America."

Mrs. Murray deplored the "unracing" to which the negroes have been subjected, but said that since slavery the negroes all over the country have been able to form good, true homes in hundreds of instances, and that this is an earnest of the good that is to come in this direction. She also made enthusiastic remarks about the kindergarten training school for negroes in this city. Senecita Carolina Holman Huidobro, of Chile, who was to speak on the "Children of Spanish America," was unable to be present at the meeting.

Children of Porto Rico.

This afternoon Dr. Samuel McCune Lindsay, first United States Commissioner of Education in Porto Rico, will make an address entitled, "Children of Porto Rico." First secretary of the Japanese legation Eki Hioki will talk about the children of Japan.

On the program for this evening, beginning at 8 o'clock, are the names of Sir Mortimer Durand, the British Ambassador, and Feherr Speck Von Sternburg, the German Ambassador, both of whom will speak on the children of their countries.

Tomorrow morning the election of officers of the congress for the next three years will be taken up. The nominating committee had a meeting this morning, it refused to give out details of the tickets agreed on. It is thought, however, that the present officers will be continued in power.

Session of Today.

At the beginning of business today Mrs. Wickham, of Ohio, submitted her report of work done by the mothers of her State. The work, she said, was confined principally to the education of children in the home.

Mrs. P. J. Lova, of the McKinley Mothers and Teachers' Club of Des Moines, reported an active membership of seventy, the chief object of which is the care of mothers rather than the children. Entertainment is provided regularly and efforts made to get the mothers away from household cares.

Mrs. Merrill, editor of American Motherhood and president of the Cambridge Club of Cambridge, Mass., submitted one of the most interesting reports of the day. She said that 700 members are carried on the rolls of the club which was organized by Mrs. Merrill and is regarded as one of the most successful organizations of its kind in the country.

Mrs. Tuttle, of Syracuse, in whose home the New York State congress was formed, was another important contributor to the morning's session, and other reports were offered including Mrs. Thomas C. Rafferty, of the Philadelphia School of Application and Practice, Mrs. George A. Morgan, of the Washington Mothers and Teachers' Club, of Des Moines, Iowa; Mrs. W. H. Smith, of Bristol, Pa.; Mrs. Hyers, of Williamsport, Pa.; Mrs. M. Hamilton, of Chicago; Mrs. E. O. Vale, of Oak Park, Ill.; Mrs. John W. Meyer, of Evansville, Ind.; Mrs. M. S. Price, of Williamsport, Pa.; Mrs. Irving Foster, of Shreveport, La.; Mrs. M. B. Canfield, of Mount Holly, N. J.; Mrs. O. C. McKinzie, of Albany, N. Y.; Mrs. Draper Smith, of Omaha, Neb.

Report of Auditor.

Mrs. D. O. Mears, of Albany, N. Y., here submitted her report as auditor of the congress. She congratulated Mrs. Fred T. Dubois on her work as treasurer, and said she had examined Mrs. Dubois' accounts and found them correct.

Mrs. Schoff announced the absence from the congress of Mrs. J. P. Mumford, of Philadelphia, and Mrs. Frank L. Yeaton, of Chicago, two of the vice presidents of the congress, who are detained at home by illness. Or motion of Mrs. Robert R. Cotten, the only vice president present, a rising vote was taken to send to Mrs. Mumford and Mrs. Yeaton the sincere greetings of the congress. The resolution was made unanimous.

The reports and announcements concluded, Mrs. Sarah M. Sheridan sang a Scotch lullaby, "O Hush Thee," which was enthusiastically received.

Mrs. Murray's Address.

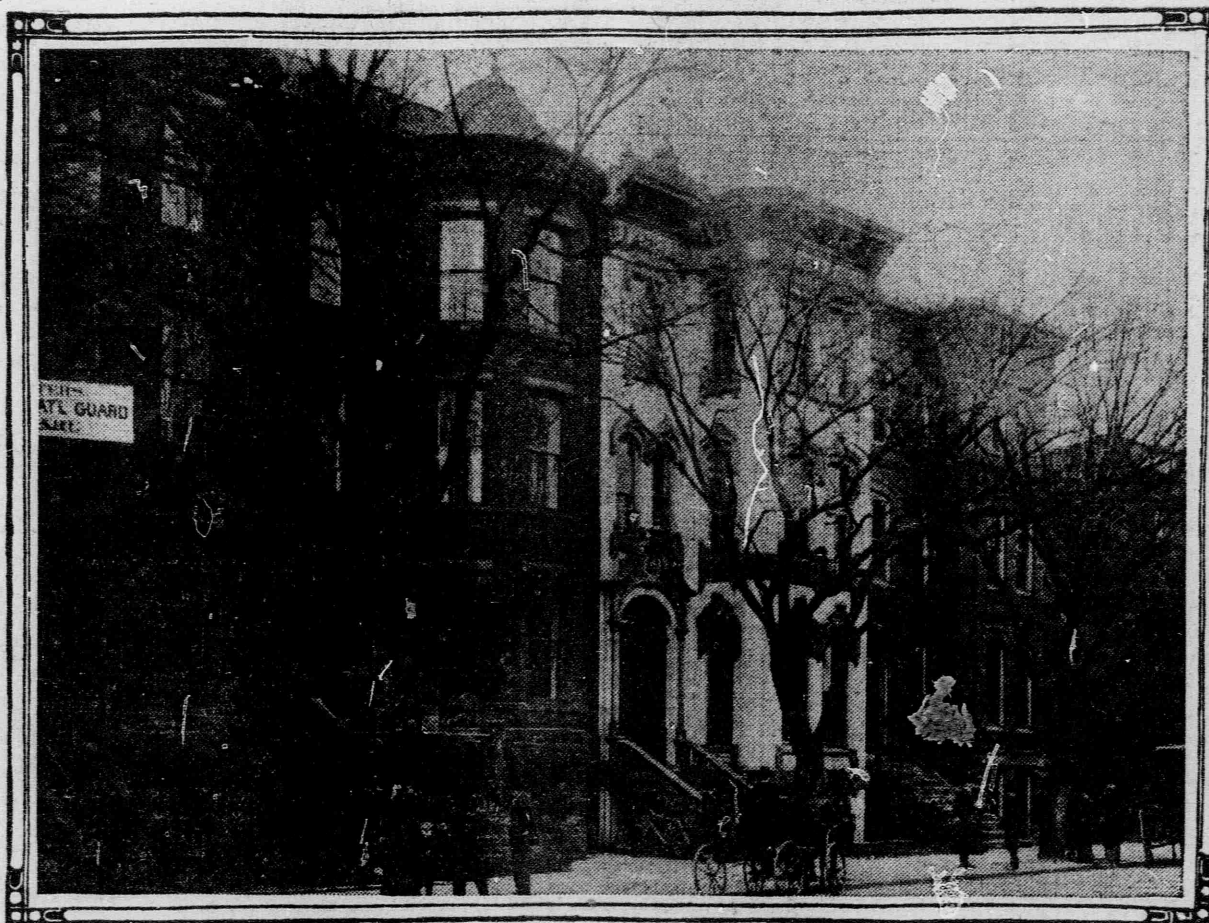
Mrs. Anna E. Murray, a negro, of Washington, addressed the congress on "Negro Children of America," saying: "The negro has felt the influence of home life less than anything else. It is also safe to say that, if slavery had continued much longer, there would not have been left a pure African in this country."

"That since slavery the negroes have had hundreds of homes, in which the decencies of life and the sanctity of home have been as closely guarded as in the best Anglo-Saxon homes is but an earnest of what is to come."

"The mammy" days of slavery show what a large mother-heart the negro

(Continued on Second Page.)

THESE BUILDINGS SOON TO BE RAZED



TO GIVE WAY FOR SENATE BUILDING. Types of the Buildings on Delaware Avenue, B, First, and C Streets Northeast, Which Will Be Torn Down. They Are Substantial Structures of Stone and Brick.

WORK BEGUN FOR SENATE OFFICES

Big Force Tearing Down Vacant Buildings.

DAY AND NIGHT GANGS BUSY

Homes of Fashion, Once Scenes of Carnival in Bygone Days, Being Demolished.

The work of destroying the thirty-two dwelling houses in the square on Capitol Hill, intended as the site for the new office building for Senators, was begun this morning.

The square is bounded by B street, Delaware avenue, C street, and First street northeast. Every structure in it will be leveled to the ground within a few days.

Superintendent Elliott Woods said today he expected to have the foundations of the new building put in by the middle of the coming summer. The contract for the excavation work necessary for the project has already been let. It is now thought that there will be no interruption in the construction work.

Homes of Fashion.

The structures that are now falling victim to crowbar and the axe are of various kinds, most of them houses that once were the homes of aristocracy and statesmanship. On B street there are eleven residences, some of brick, and one of granite. The brick houses are large and handsome in architectural design, with ornamentally arranged porches, arched doorways and large windows.

Near the corner of B street and Delaware avenue stands a three-story hospital, a large structure of brick, dingy and dilapidated in appearance. There are five other houses on Delaware avenue, three of them four or five stories high, built of brick.

On C street there are six buildings, of which five are three-story houses. At the corner of C and First streets stands a little Quaker church, which is being razed.

On First street there are eight brick houses, several having large yards and adorned by roomy porches that once were beautiful with trailing vines. They are five stories high, and have double bay windows.

Elygon Times.

If ever ghosts of a bygone time come back to earth and visit the scenes they have known, there surely must have been a carnival of shades in those vacant houses last night. Years ago, before the current of aristocracy and wealth set toward the northwest, there sat in the parlors of these residences My Lady, whose only occupation was the waving of a fan or the breaking of a heart.

The stately trees that now look down on a deserted scene heard by night the siren song, rustled to a bow in the moonlight, and saw by day many a dashing party of famous statesmen and lovely women ride into the fields and countryside, which in those days was not so far away.

Now the windows of these old homes are shutterless, the doors are torn from their hinges. Even the very walls are falling beneath the lever and the pickaxe. Soberly, the buildings will have passed into history, giving place to the granite fastnesses of Senatorial offices.

FIRST NEGRO VOTER DEAD.

EL PASO, Ill., March 15.—David Strother, the first negro to cast a vote in the United States, was buried yesterday. Woodford county turned out en masse to pay a final mark of respect to Strother, who had been a resident of El Paso for forty-one years.

MARYLAND MAN KILLED BY TRAIN

John M. C. Williams Steps in Front of Locomotive.

HAD BEEN IN BAD HEALTH

Prominent Citizen of Montgomery County and a Well-Known Democratic Politician.

John M. C. Williams, a prominent citizen of the Bethesda district of Montgomery county, Md., living near Chevy Chase Lake, was struck and instantly killed by a train on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad this morning, about 7 o'clock, at Woodside, Md.

Mr. Williams' health has not been of the best for several months, and his illness had, it is said, affected his brain. Early this morning he was seen near the railroad station at Woodside. About 7 o'clock train No. 56, westbound from Washington, approached the station at a high rate of speed. Several persons near the station were surprised and horrified to see Mr. Williams walk out on the track and stand directly in front of the train, then only a short distance away. The pilot of the engine struck Mr. Williams and hurled him many yards from the track. When those nearest the station reached him he was dead. His body was removed from the right of way of the railroad and the coroner notified. He will hold an inquest this afternoon.

Mr. Williams was a prominent figure in Democratic politics in Montgomery county. He was fifty-seven years old, and married Miss Eliza E. Macruder. Arrangements for the funeral will not be made until after the inquest.

AUTHORIZED TO SELL WAGGAMAN PROPERTY

Receivers in Case of Joseph T. Byrne and Others Get Order From Court.

Justice Anderson today signed an order authorizing Frederick L. Siddons and Edward H. Thomas, receivers in the case of Joseph T. Byrne and others, to sell certain real estate belonging to the estate of Waggaman.

The property mentioned is lots 49 and 50 in square 422, lot 66 in square 274, part of original lot 12, in square 428; part of original lots 24 and 25, in square 512; part of original lot 6, in square 445; lot 15, in square 424, and lots 23, 37, 38, and 39, in square 419.

The sale is ordered on the consent of counsel for parties interested in the property. In connection with the same the receivers are authorized by the court to pay out of funds in their hands special and general taxes due upon the property mentioned.

In connection with the suit of Robert W. McPherson and Irving Williamson, trustees, against Thomas E. Williams, C. S. S. Waggaman, and others, Justice Anderson today appointed John W. Pilling receiver for lots 19 to 25, inclusive, in square 1997, for the purpose of receiving the rents. Mr. Pilling is required to enter into bond in the sum of \$1,000 for the faithful performance of the trust.

CASSIE CHADWICK VISITS HER HOME

Permitted to Take Possession of Wearing Apparel.

ACCOMPANIED BY MARSHALS

Meets Her Husband and Chats With Him in Presence of the Officers.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 15.—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, at 8:30 o'clock this morning entered the Chadwick mansion in the aristocratic section of Euclid avenue for the first time since she left it last November for her hurried trip to New York, which resulted in her arrest. The former mistress said good-by to the servants in the home on Thanksgiving evening and then hurried to New York, as she said, to arrange to satisfy the claim of Banker Herbert B. Newton, of Boston, and other creditors. She returned to this city late in December as a Federal prisoner. Since then she has been in jail.

The woman was in charge of United States Marshal Chandler and three of his deputies. Bankruptcy Receiver Chandler accompanied them. The object of the visit was to allow the woman to select certain property and wearing apparel in the Chadwick home which the claims are exempt under the bankruptcy law.

Extra Precaution Taken.

Extra precaution was taken by Marshal Chandler because of the woman's conviction in the Federal court last week. To avoid a scene it was arranged that the servants be absent.

Mrs. Chadwick appeared happy at the opportunity to visit the home. She was escorted to the door by the deputy marshals and was greeted at the open door by Dr. L. S. Chadwick, her husband, whom she had not seen for some time. He accompanied her and then they entered a few minutes in the presence of the deputies. Dr. Chadwick did not appear at the woman's trial.

Colonel Haward joined the party at the home. Mrs. Chadwick showed no particular emotion at the meeting with her husband. Except for the greeting when she entered the home, the meeting between husband and wife was almost formal.

Mrs. Chadwick was allowed three hours to select her goods.

JUDGE WRIGHT PROMOTED.

BOOTH TAKES HIS PLACE

Judge Francis M. Wright, a member of the United States Court of Claims bench, will be appointed United States judge for the Eastern district of Illinois.

Fenton W. Booth, a prominent lawyer of Marshall, Ill., will be named to fill the vacancy on the Court of Claims bench caused by the promotion of Judge Wright.

The determination to make these appointments was arrived at yesterday by the President at a conference held with Speaker Cannon, who called at the White House to discuss the matter.

Marshall, the home of Mr. Booth, is in Speaker Cannon's Congressional district, which is also part of the new judicial district to which Judge Wright will be appointed as the presiding judge. The salary of both the positions is \$9,000 a year.

HOCH DROPS HABEAS CORPUS.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Johann Hoch's application for a writ of habeas corpus has been withdrawn. Counsel for the multi-bligamist stated that there was apparently nothing to gain by the writ.

JAP ATTACK ON TIELING BEGUN

Fortifications Outside Town Assaulted by Victors of Mukden—London Dispatch Hears Russians Have Repulsed Enemy.

HEAVY CASUALTIES SUSTAINED BY FORCES OF THE MIKADO

Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolaievitch Reported to Have Been Appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Russian Army.

LONDON, March 15.—A dispatch to the Central News from Tieling states that the Japanese attacked the fortifications outside of that town. So far the attack has been repulsed.

It is believed the Japanese suffered heavy losses.

The Pass is the position to which the remnants of General Kuropatkin's army retreated after the defeat at Mukden.

The pass had been fortified to some extent by the Russians previous to the time the Russians fell back upon it in force, and the defenses have been strengthened since that time.

It is there that General Kuropatkin planned to re-organize his army. There has been speculation whether Field Marshal Oyama would attack the pass without giving time for his army to rest after the prolonged battle.

Grand Duke Nicholas To Succeed Kuropatkin

ST. PETERSBURG, March 15.—It is reported that Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolaievitch has been appointed commander-in-chief of the army in Manchuria, to succeed General Kuropatkin, with General Soukhomlinoff as chief of staff.

Three American Attaches Captured by Japanese

Three of the American military officers with the Russian army, Col. Valery Havard, medical corps; Major Macomb, and Capt. William Judson, engineers, were captured at Mukden.

All are well known in Washington. A sister of Captain Judson, Mrs. W. P. Wooten, lives at the Portner. Colonel Havard was chief surgeon of the cavalry division, Fifth corps, in Cuba, with Gen. Joe Wheeler.

There is no anxiety at the War Department as to the fate of the officers, but it is said that they will now probably be obliged to return home. Their capture is a serious blow to the Russian position in Manchuria, and the Japanese are confident that they will be given the best of treatment by the Japanese.

In fact, it is said that they will now undergo less hardship than would have been the case had they remained with the demoralized Russian forces, among whom it is expected there will be great suffering on account of loss of provisions.

The State Department has received an official dispatch announcing that the officers mentioned fell into the hands of the victorious Japanese at Mukden.

A Year of Service.

Captain Judson, who represents the engineer corps as observer with the Russian forces, left Washington for the front in 1904. He has been in the hardest part of the campaign. Prior to this duty he was with the War Department in Washington for a long time as one of the assistants to the chief of engineers.

Colonel Havard is one of the best-known of the army surgeons. His experience during the Santiago campaign gave him splendid qualifications to represent the medical corps with the Russian forces. He was at one time chief surgeon at Havana.

Families to Be Notified.

A cablegram signed by both Captain Judson and Colonel Havard was received at the War Department today. It was worded in the briefest terms, saying they were both well, and to notify their families.

To Make Stand at Tieling; Fortifying Rapidly

ST. PETERSBURG, March 15.—The war council held at Tsarskoe-Selo discussed the question of Kuropatkin's successor, but did not make any decision. It is understood that, with the approval of the Czar, it was determined to continue the war, and ways and means were discussed.

Preparations for the defense of Tieling are being carried on with frantic haste.

Meyendorff Injured.

Kuropatkin telegraphs that General Meyendorff, commander of the First Army Corps, who held the famous Putiloff Hill until the general retreat of the

Russian army compelled him to abandon it, has been injured by a fall from his horse.

A second dispatch received from Kuropatkin is of yesterday's date and curiously worded, as follows: "I have received no report announcing any fighting. Our troops are drawn up in order. The enemy is making reconnoissances."

Panic-Stricken Troops.

Eyewitnesses of the retreat after the battle of Mukden describe with pitiless realism how the panic-stricken condition of the troops reached its climax. When the Russians were near the village of Pethke shells burst among the confused procession of infantry and artillery and thousands of carts. The sufferings of the wounded in the course of the pursuit were beyond description.

Most of the foreign military attaches who were with the defeated army, including British and two American officers, fell into the hands of the Japanese.

Russians From the Hills

Surrender to Japs

TOKYO, March 15.—Official reports issued at army headquarters tell of the capture of additional spoils, chiefly of ammunition.

Otherwise the only news of significance mentioned is the occupation of Yingpao on March 11, showing that on the last day of the battle the fighting extended eighteen miles east of Fushun.

Pursuit Into the Hills.

The Sha river armies report that they are still pressing the pursuit of scattered batches of fugitives.

Numbers of officers and men driven into the mountains east of the Tieling road, and without supplies, are now coming down and surrendering to the Japanese commissariat guards.

Near Tieling.

Information has been received that the Japanese pursuing columns have reached within seven miles of Tieling. The immediate capture of the place is a question of the availability of Japanese reserves.

With regard to the Czar's threat to raise a new army of 400,000 men, Tokyo newspapers express the opinion that no such army could be raised in a hurry.

Under the most favorable circumstances it would resemble the Baltic fleet in its heterogeneous composition and doubtful effectiveness.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 15.—Japanese officers returning from the front state that Russian surrenders follow one another in a constant stream, great bodies of men throwing themselves upon the mercy of the victors.

Difficulties in Caring For Wounded Russians

PARIS, March 15.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Petit Parisien says that some of the Russian surgeons remained at Mukden to care for the wounded who had to be left behind.

The sanitary service there is completely disorganized. Chloroform and

The Maltese Cross in Next Sunday's Times Shows Where the Money Is. If You Find It It's Yours